

Goaltending – Basket Interference

I. **Reminders:** To have a goaltending violation the following criteria must be present:

- A. Tip, tap or legal try.
- B. Above ring level.
- C. On its downward flight.
- D. A chance to score.
- E. Clearly outside the cylinder.

Penalty: If by defense, score the goal two or three. Allow defense to run end line. If by A – no goal; give defense ball nearest spot of violation at designated spot.

II. To have basket interference, the following is necessary:

- A. When any live ball is above the imaginary cylinder no matter how it got there, no one can touch ball.
- B. When any live ball is on the rim or in the basket, no one can touch the ball or basket including net, flanges, etc. If B commits interference during a free throw, award the free throw; allow B to run end line during throw in. (No technical for basket interference during free throw.)

Throw-in (Important Reminders crew of 2 or 3)

I. Officials can hand or bounce ball to thrower-in on all side line throw-ins. Bouncing the ball seems more desirable since official can move away and open his peripheral vision.

II. Going from back court to front court the new trail handles all throw-ins in back court.

A. The new lead in three-person should stop at free-throw extended and double side-line. He then adjusts by the position of the ball and players.

B. In two-person, the new lead should be opposite the trail and adjusts as dictated by the players.

C. If a player violates designated spot throw-in, give proper signal. Do not use traveling signal as we see sometimes on TV.

D. Important throw-in spots following:

1. Intentional and flagrant foul – nearest spot of foul.
2. Technical always opposite sideline at division line.
3. Double foul, double technical simultaneous foul is at point of interruption as that spot closest to the “location of ball” – not spot of foul.